



Every Second Counts!™

RHAPSODY Phase 3 Results

November 2020

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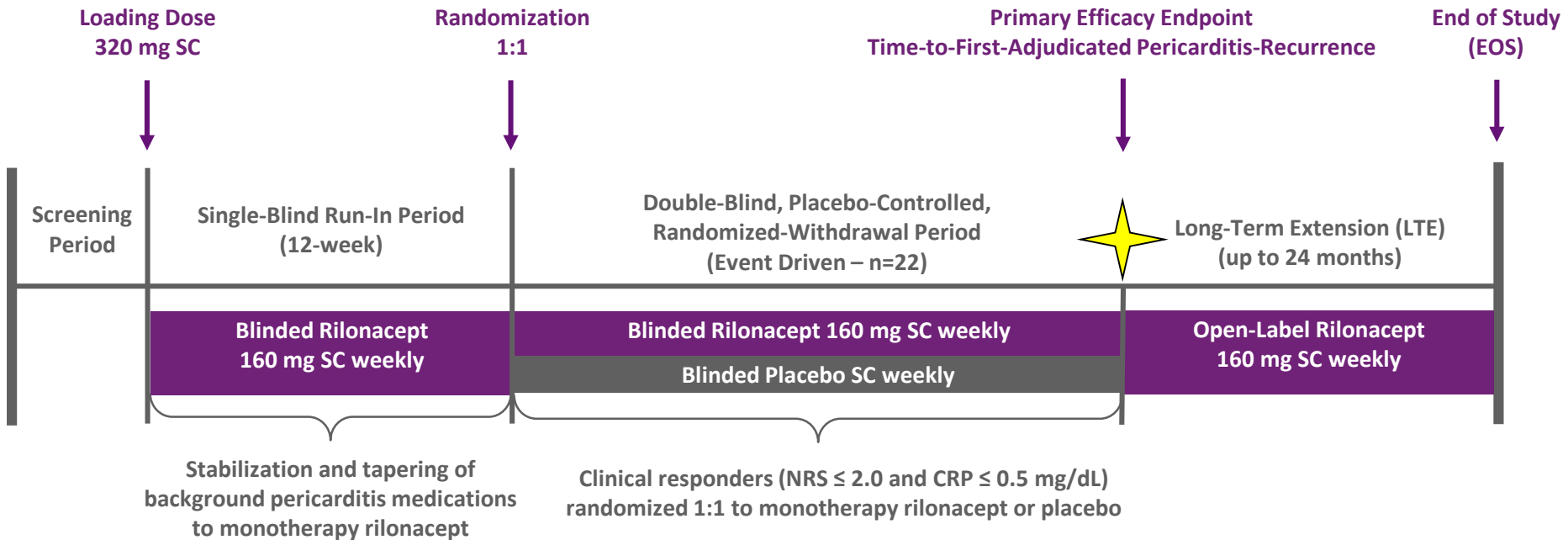
Summary of Pivotal Phase 3 Trial of Rilonacept in Recurrent Pericarditis



- Prespecified primary and all major secondary efficacy endpoints were highly statistically significant.
- The primary efficacy endpoint of median time-to-first adjudicated pericarditis recurrence in the randomized withdrawal period was highly statistically significant.
 - Median [95% CI] time to pericarditis recurrence for rilonacept recipients in the randomized withdrawal period could not be estimated due to the low number of recurrences in the rilonacept treatment arm. The median time-to-recurrence for placebo recipients was 8.6 [4.0-11.7] weeks (Hazard Ratio = 0.04, $p < 0.0001$).
 - Rilonacept recipients experienced a 96% reduction in risk of recurrent pericarditis events.
- All major secondary efficacy endpoints in the randomized withdrawal period were also highly statistically significant.
 - 81% of rilonacept recipients maintained clinical response at Week 16 of the randomized withdrawal period, compared to 20% of placebo recipients ($p = 0.0002$). Consistent results were observed at Week 8 and Week 24 and were also highly statistically significant ($p < 0.0001$ and $p = 0.0022$, respectively).
 - The proportion of rilonacept recipients with absent or minimal pericarditis symptoms at Week 16 of the randomized withdrawal period was 81% compared to 25% for placebo recipients ($p = 0.0006$). Consistent results were observed at Week 8 and Week 24 and were also highly statistically significant ($p < 0.0001$ and $p = 0.0002$, respectively).
 - Rilonacept recipients experienced no or minimal pain for 95% of trial days through Week 16 compared to 47% of trial days for placebo recipients ($p < 0.0001$). Consistent results were observed at Weeks 8 and 24 and were also highly significant ($p < 0.0001$ and $p < 0.0001$, respectively).
- Patients are continuing to receive open label rilonacept in the Long-Term Extension.
- Rilonacept was well-tolerated, with a safety profile consistent with the existing ARCALYST[®] label.
- Based on the Phase 3 RHAPSODY data, Kiniksa plans to submit an sBLA with the FDA later this year.



Design of Pivotal Phase 3 Trial of Rilonacept in Recurrent Pericarditis



Inclusion Criteria:

- All etiologies except infection and malignancy
- Present at screening with at least a third pericarditis episode, defined as at least 1 day with **NRS pain of ≥ 4** and **CRP value ≥ 1 mg/dL** within the 7-day period prior to first study drug administration
- Concomitant NSAIDs and/or colchicine and/or oral corticosteroid treatment in any combination

Primary Efficacy Endpoint :

- Time-to-first-adjudicated pericarditis-recurrence in the RW period

Major Secondary Efficacy Endpoints (16-weeks):

- Proportion of subjects who maintained Clinical Response
- Percentage of days with no or minimal pain
- Proportion of subjects with absent or minimal pericarditis symptoms

CEC Adjudication Criteria:

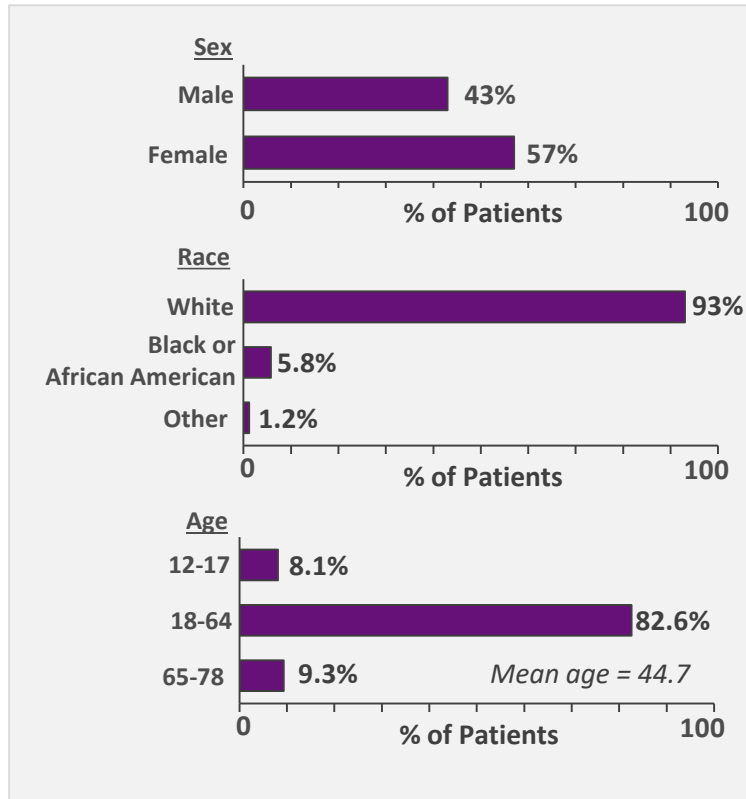
- Typical pericarditis pain (≥ 1 pain **NRS recording ≥ 4**) AND elevated **CRP (≥1.0 mg/dL)**, same day or ≤ 7 days
- Typical pericarditis pain (≥ 1 pain **NRS recording ≥ 4**) AND abnormal **CRP (>0.5 mg/dL)**, same day or ≤ 7 days AND ≥ 1 **supportive evidence** of pericarditis
- Typical pericarditis pain (BUT pain **NRS recording ≤ 4**) AND elevated **CRP (≥1.0 mg/dL)**, AND ≥ 1 **supportive evidence** of pericarditis

Baseline Demographics and Clinical Characteristics

Pivotal Phase 3 Riloncept Data

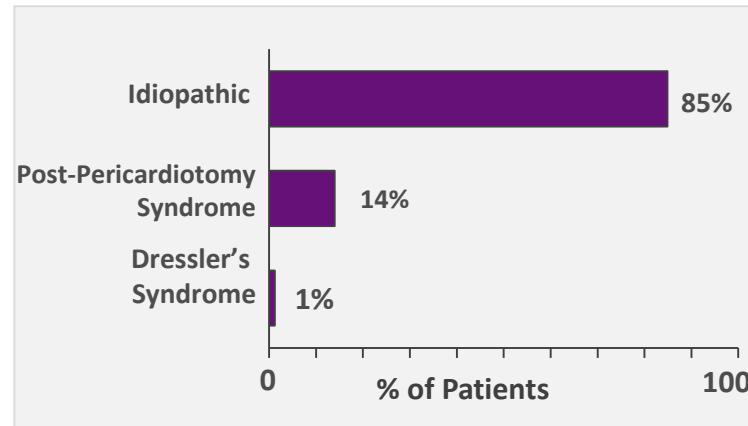


Baseline Demographics (n=86)

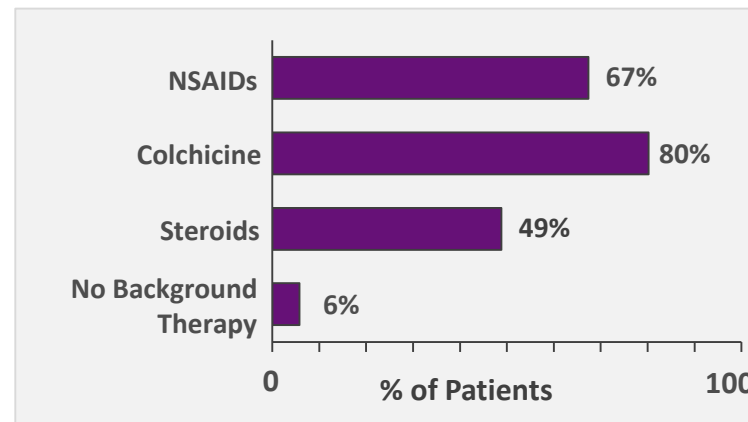


Total Number of Episodes Including Index and Qualifying Episodes	Run-in Period (n=86)
Mean	4.7

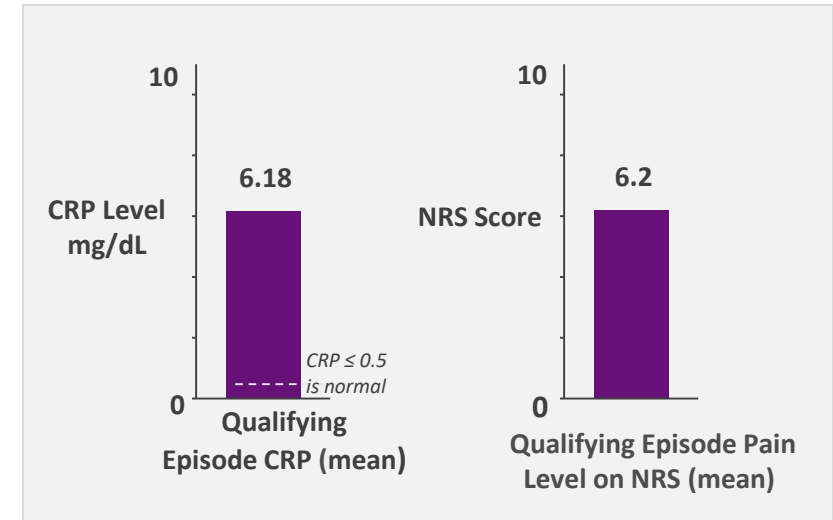
Prior Pericarditis History at Baseline (n=86)



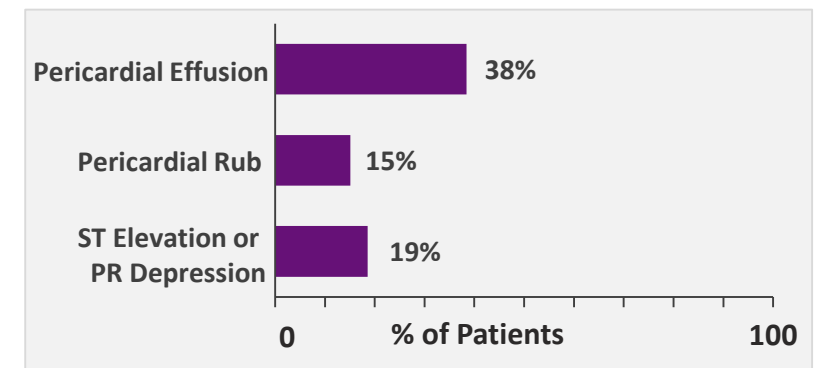
SoC Received at Qualifying Episode (n=86)



Qualifying Episode CRP & NRS (n=86)



Pericarditis Manifestations at Qualifying Episode (n=86)

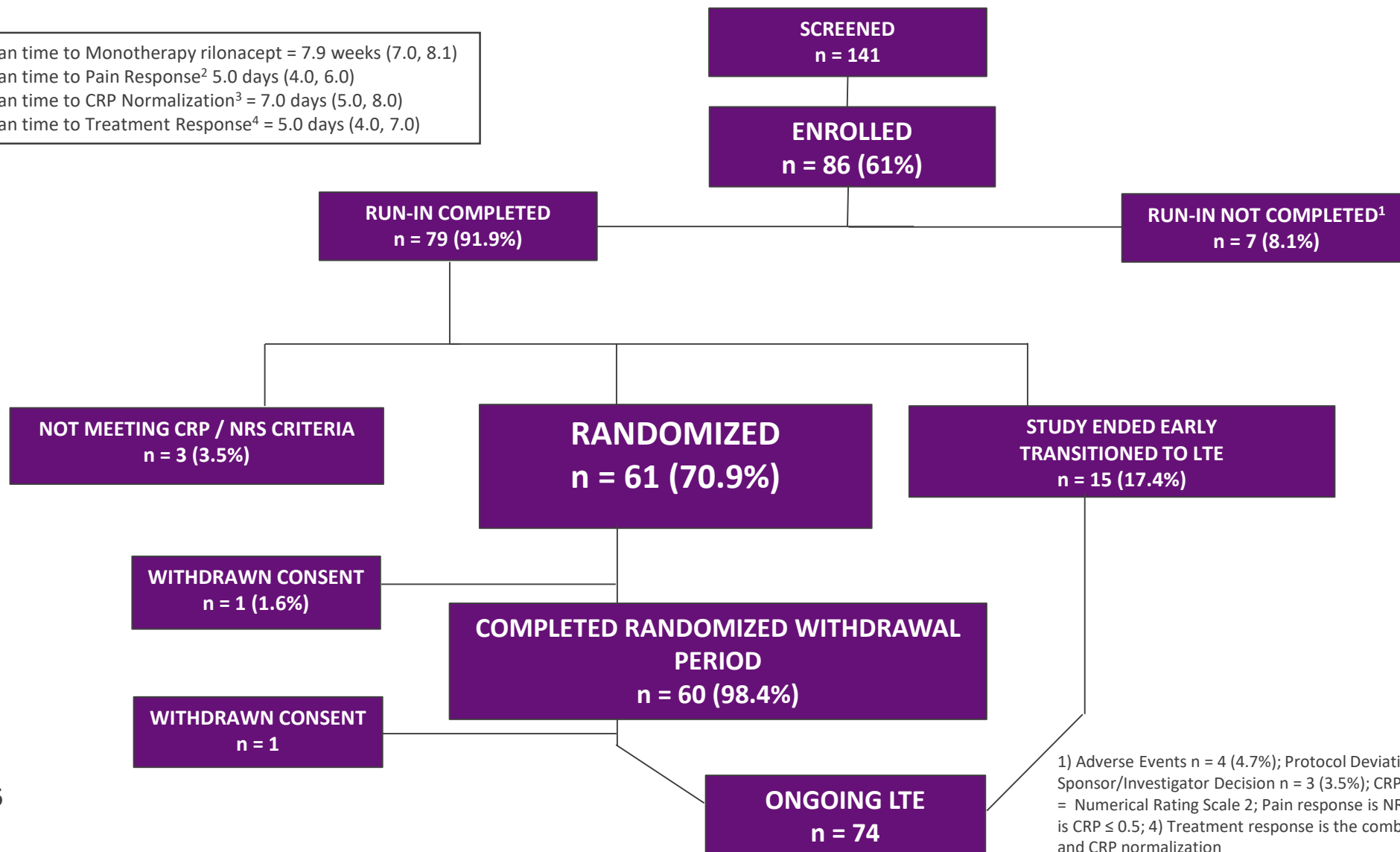


Subject Disposition

Pivotal Phase 3 Rilonacept Data



Median time to Monotherapy rilonacept = 7.9 weeks (7.0, 8.1)
Median time to Pain Response² 5.0 days (4.0, 6.0)
Median time to CRP Normalization³ = 7.0 days (5.0, 8.0)
Median time to Treatment Response⁴ = 5.0 days (4.0, 7.0)

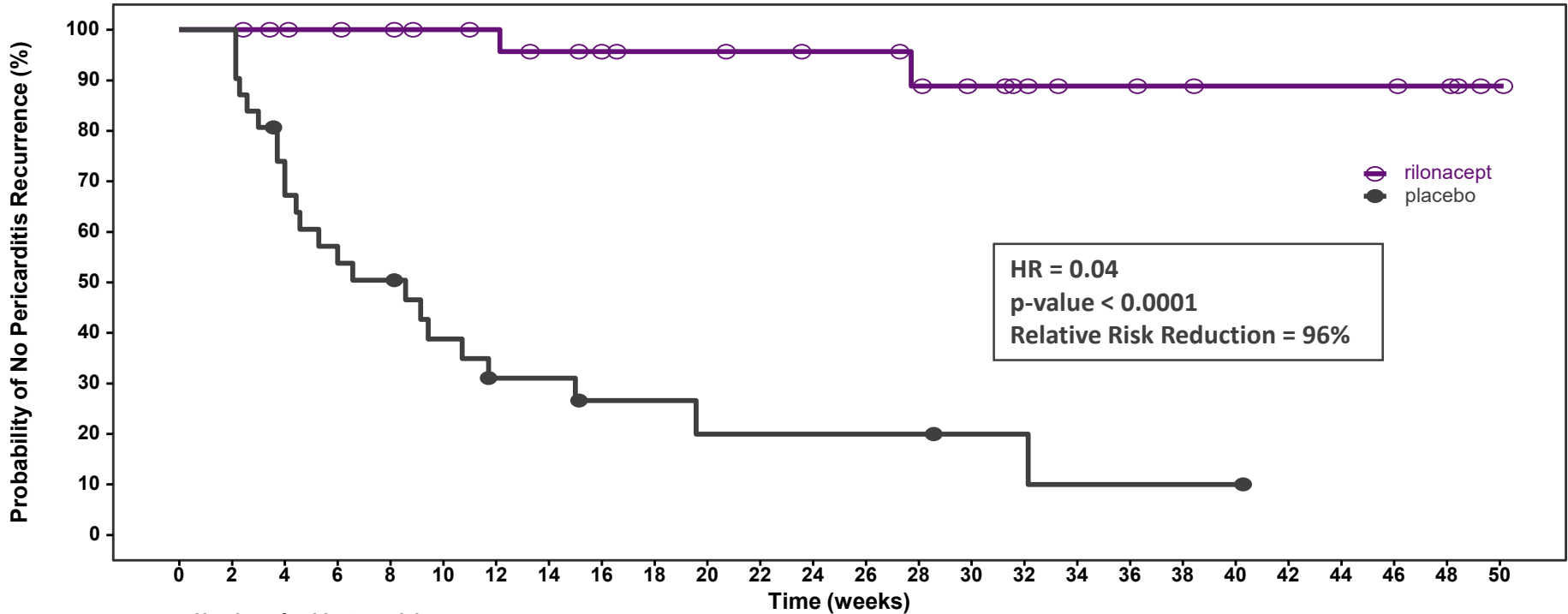


1) Adverse Events n = 4 (4.7%); Protocol Deviation /Withdrawn Consent / Sponsor/Investigator Decision n = 3 (3.5%); CRP = C-reactive protein; NRS = Numerical Rating Scale 2; Pain response is NRS ≤ 2; 3) CRP normalization is CRP ≤ 0.5; 4) Treatment response is the combination of pain response and CRP normalization



Primary Efficacy Endpoint: Time-to-First Adjudicated Pericarditis Recurrence

Pivotal Phase 3 Riloncept Data



	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34	36	38	40	42	44	46	48	50
riloncept	30	30	28	27	26	24	23	21	20	17	17	16	15	15	13	11	9	7	7	6	5	5	5	5	4	1
Placebo	31	31	22	17	15	10	7	7	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0

	Number of Patients with Recurrence ¹ n (%)	Number of Weeks to Recurrence ¹ Median (95% CI)
Riloncept	2 (6.7)	NE (NE, NE)
Placebo	23 (74.2)	8.6 (4.0, 11.7)

Annualized incidence of pericarditis recurrence decreased from 4.42 episodes per year prior to the study to 0.15 episodes per year while on riloncept treatment.

1) Mean (median, range); NE = Not Estimable

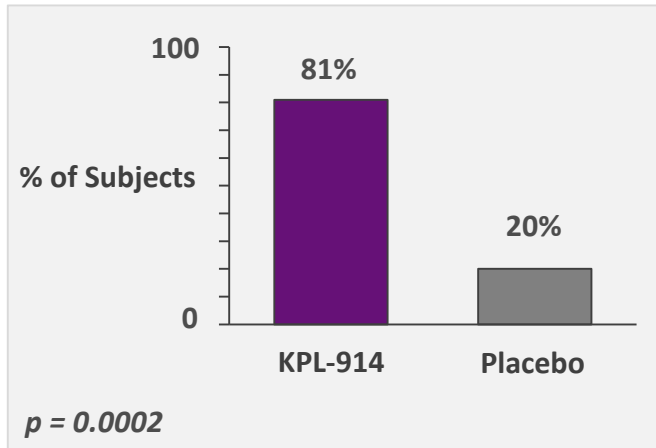


Secondary Endpoints at Week 16 of the Randomized Withdrawal Period

Pivotal Phase 3 Riloncept Data

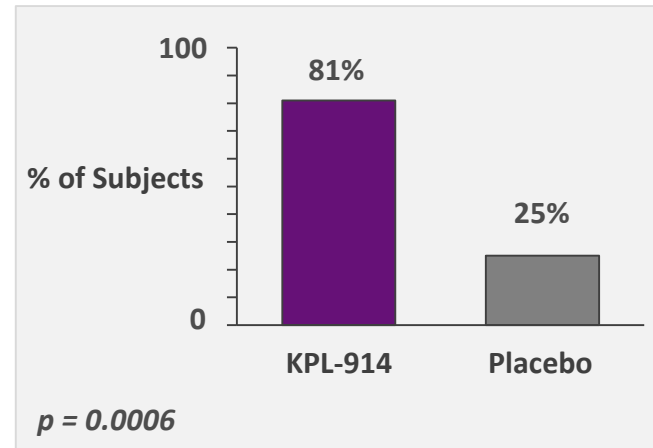


Proportion of Subjects Who Maintained Clinical Response ¹



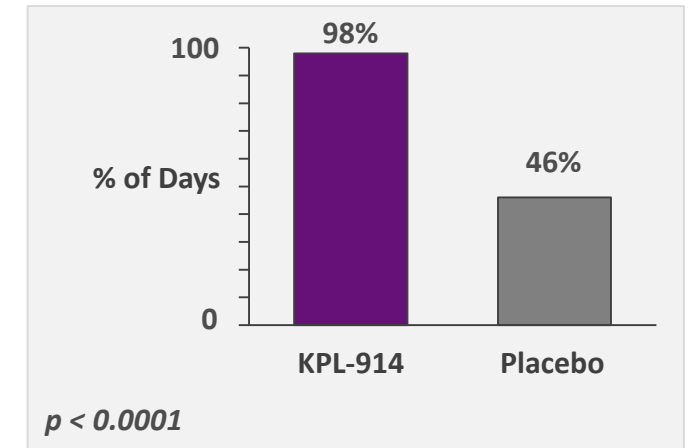
Data at Weeks 8 and 24 were consistent and statistically significant (Week 8, $p < 0.0001$; Week 24, $p=0.0022$)

Proportion of Subjects with Absent/Minimal Pericarditis Symptoms based on the 7-point PGIPS ²



Data at Weeks 8 and 24 were consistent and statistically significant (Week 8, $p < 0.0001$; Week 24, $p=0.0002$)

Percent of Days with No or Minimal Pain in First 16 Weeks (ITT Week 16) ³



Data at Weeks 8 and 24 were consistent and statistically significant (Week 8, $p < 0.0001$; Week 24, $p < 0.0001$)

1) Clinical Response is defined as a weekly average of daily pericarditis pain of ≤ 2.0 on the 11-point NRS, CRP level ≤ 0.5 mg/dL, and on monotherapy of randomized study drug in that week. Subjects who had recurrence, or used bailout riloncept, or used rescue medication, discontinued double-blinded treatment, or lost to follow-up before the week will be considered as non-responders;
 2) PGIPS = Patient Global Impression of Pericarditis Severity baseline;
 3) No or minimal pain is defined as non-missing daily NRS ≤ 2 . The percentage of days with no or minimal pain in the first 24, 16, and 8 weeks is calculated for each subject using 24x7, 16x7, 8x7, respectively, as the denominator. Missing values in pain diary will be counted as 0 day with no or minimal pain. On days of using ORT or corticosteroid, count as 0 day with no or minimal pain. If bailout riloncept was used, each administration (loading dose or not) will be counted as 7 days without qualifying no or minimal pain.



Summary of Adverse Events

Pivotal Phase 3 Rilonecept Data



Category ¹	Run-In Period	Randomized Withdrawal Period	
	KPL-914 (N=86) n (%)	KPL-914 Including Bailout Rilonecept (N=30) n (%)	Placebo Only Before Bailout Rilonecept (N=31) n (%)
All Adverse Events	69 (80.2)	24 (80.0)	13 (41.9)
TEAEs ²	69 (80.2)	24 (80.0)	13 (41.9)
TEAEs by Maximum severity ³			
Mild	52 (60.5)	16 (53.3)	9 (29.0)
Moderate	15 (17.4)	8 (26.7)	4 (12.9)
Severe	2 (2.3)	0	0
Drug-Related TEAEs ⁴	46 (53.5)	10 (33.3)	1 (3.2)
Serious TEAEs (SAE) ⁵	1 (1.2)	1 (3.3)	1 (3.2)
TEAEs Leading to Death	0	0	0
Drug-Related SAE ⁴	0	0	0
TEAEs Leading to Dose Interruption	0	1 (3.3)	0
TEAEs Leading to Study Drug Discontinuation	4 (4.7) ⁶	0	0
TEAEs of Special Interest (Malignancy) ⁷	0	1 (3.3)	0
TEAEs of Injection Site Reaction	28 (32.6)	6 (20.0)	0
TEAEs of Injections and Infestations	14 (16.3)	12 (40.0)	3 (9.7)

Category ¹	Run-In Period	Randomized Withdrawal Period	
	KPL-914 (N=86) n (%)	KPL-914 Including Bailout Rilonecept (N=30) n (%)	Placebo Only Before Bailout Rilonecept (N=31) n (%)
Bronchitis	0	1 (3.3)	0
Conjunctivitis	0	1 (3.3)	0
Ear infection	0	0	0
Gastroenteritis	0	0	1 (3.2)
Gastroenteritis viral	0	0	0
Gastroenteritis viral infection	0	1 (3.3)	1 (3.2)
Hordeolum	1 (1.2)	0	0
Influenza	1 (1.2)	0	1 (3.2)
Nasopharyngitis	6 (7.0)	2 (6.7)	0
Oral herpes	1 (1.2)	1 (3.3)	0
Otitis media	0	1 (3.3)	0
Pharyngitis	1 (1.2)	0	0
Pharyngitis streptococcal	0	0	0
Rhinitis	1 (1.2)	0	0
Sinusitis	1 (1.2)	3 (10.0)	0
Subcutaneous abscess	1 (1.2)	0	0
Upper respiratory tract infection	2 (2.3)	1 (3.3)	0
Urinary tract infection	1 (1.2)	3 (10.0)	0
Vaginal infection	0	1 (3.3)	0
Viral upper respiratory tract infection	2 (2.3)	1 (3.3)	0

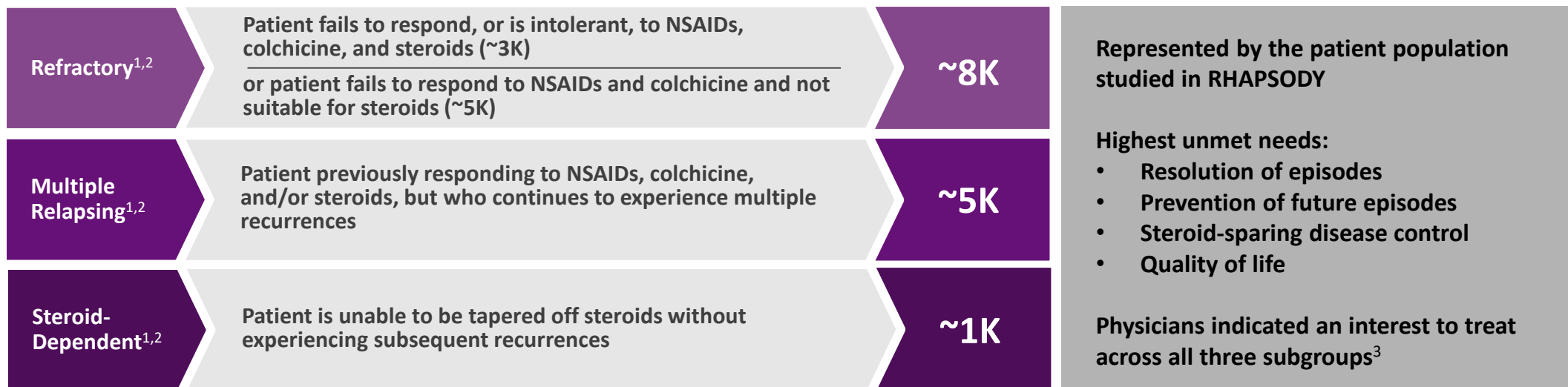
1) Subjects with multiple events are counted once in the same category; 2) A Treatment-emergent adverse events (TEAEs) are defined as AEs that start or increase in severity on or after the date of first dose and before 6 weeks after the last dose of study drug; 3) Each subject has only been represented with the maximum severity; 4) Related or possibly related or missing, as assessed by the investigator; 5) SAEs (all unrelated to study drug) - Run in Period: CVA (carotid dissection); RW Period: Chest fluttering after alcohol (on PBO), and Pyrexia, Squamous cell Carcinoma, and post-operative ileus (on rilonecept); 6) alopecia, allergic alveolitis (related to other factors), erythema, and systemic allergic reaction (hypersensitivity); 7) Includes malignancy, excluding basal cell carcinoma of the skin



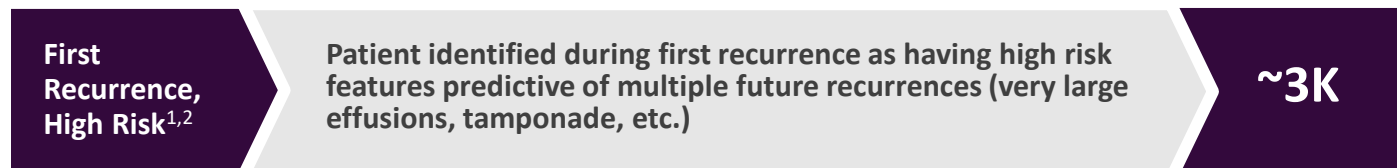
Recurrent Pericarditis U.S. Prevalence Estimated to be ~40K Patients

~14K patients with inadequate response to conventional therapy and persistent underlying disease

Clear Call to Action: ~14K Patients



Potential to Broaden Utilization Over Time: ~3K Patients





Every Second Counts!™



Every Second Counts!™

Appendix

Summary of Adverse Events

Pivotal Phase 3 Riloncept Data



Category ¹	Run-In Period	Randomized Withdrawal Period	
	KPL-914 (N=86) n (%)	KPL-914 Including Bailout Riloncept (N=30) n (%)	Placebo Only Before Bailout Riloncept (N=31) n (%)
Subjects with Any TEAEs	69 (80.2)	24 (80.0)	13 (41.9)
Blood and lymphatic system disorders	2 (2.3)	0	0
Eosinophilia	1 (1.2)	0	0
Lymphadenopathy	1 (1.2)	0	0
Cardiac disorders	5 (5.8)	0	2 (6.5)
Angina pectoris	1 (1.2)	0	0
Aortic valve incompetence	0	0	1 (3.2)
Atrial fibrillation	1 (1.2)	0	0
Cardiac flutter	0	0	1 (3.2)
Palpitations	1 (1.2)	0	0
Sinus tachycardia	1 (1.2)	0	0
Tachycardia	1 (1.2)	0	0
Ventricular dyssynchrony	1 (1.2)	0	0
Ear and labyrinth disorders	1 (1.2)	0	0
Middle ear effusion	0	0	0
Vertigo	1 (1.2)	0	0
Endocrine disorders	0	1 (3.3)	0
Hypothyroidism	0	1 (3.3)	0
Eye disorders	1 (1.2)	0	0
Diplopia	0	0	0
Eye inflammation	1 (1.2)	0	0
Gastrointestinal disorders	14 (16.3)	2 (6.7)	2 (6.5)

Category ¹	Run-In Period	Randomized Withdrawal Period	
	KPL-914 (N=86) n (%)	KPL-914 Including Bailout Riloncept (N=30) n (%)	Placebo Only Before Bailout Riloncept (N=31) n (%)
Abdominal distension	2 (2.3)	0	0
Abdominal pain	0	0	1 (3.2)
Abdominal tenderness	0	1 (3.3)	0
Aphthous ulcer	0	1 (3.3)	0
Constipation	1 (1.2)	0	0
Diarrhea	5 (5.8)	0	0
Gastric ulcer	1 (1.2)	0	0
Gastritis	1 (1.2)	0	0
Gastrointestinal disorder	1 (1.2)	0	0
Gastroesophageal reflux disease	1 (1.2)	1 (3.3)	0
Gingival pain	1 (1.2)	0	0
Haemorrhoids	0	0	1 (3.2)
Ileus	0	0	0
Nausea	2 (2.3)	0	0
Tongue ulceration	0	1 (3.3)	0
Vomiting	1 (1.2)	0	0
General disorders and administration site conditions	30 (34.9)	10 (33.3)	1 (3.2)
Asthenia	2 (2.3)	0	0
Chest discomfort	1 (1.2)	1 (3.3)	0
Chills	1 (1.2)	0	0
Fatigue	2 (2.3)	2 (6.7)	0
Feeling abnormal	1 (1.2)	0	0

Summary of Adverse Events

Pivotal Phase 3 Riloncept Data



Category ¹	Run-In Period	Randomized Withdrawal Period	
	KPL-914 (N=86) n (%)	KPL-914 Including Bailout Riloncept (N=30) n (%)	Placebo Only Before Bailout Riloncept (N=31) n (%)
Feeling hot	2 (2.3)	0	0
Injection site bruising	1 (1.2)	0	0
Injection site discolouration	2 (2.3)	0	0
Injection site erythema	18 (20.9)	6 (20.0)	0
Injection site inflammation	1 (1.2)	0	0
Injection site nodule	1 (1.2)	0	0
Injection site pain	4 (4.7)	0	0
Injection site pruritus	5 (5.8)	5 (16.7)	0
Injection site rash	3 (3.5)	0	0
Injection site reaction	2 (2.3)	0	0
Injection site swelling	5 (5.8)	1 (3.3)	0
Non-cardiac chest pain	1 (1.2)	3 (10.0)	1 (3.2)
Oedema peripheral	0	1 (3.3)	0
Pain	1 (1.2)	1 (3.3)	0
Pyrexia	1 (1.2)	0	0
Immune system disorders	1 (1.2)	0	1 (3.2)
Drug hypersensitivity	1 (1.2)	0	0
Hypersensitivity	1 (1.2)	0	0
Seasonal allergy	0	0	1 (3.2)
Infections and infestations	14 (16.3)	12 (40.0)	3 (9.7)
Bronchitis	0	1 (3.3)	0
Conjunctivitis	0	1 (3.3)	0

Category ¹	Run-In Period	Randomized Withdrawal Period	
	KPL-914 (N=86) n (%)	KPL-914 Including Bailout Riloncept (N=30) n (%)	Placebo Only Before Bailout Riloncept (N=31) n (%)
Ear infection	0	0	0
Gastroenteritis	0	0	1 (3.2)
Gastroenteritis viral	0	0	0
Gastrointestinal viral infection	0	1 (3.3)	1 (3.2)
Hordeolum	1 (1.2)	0	0
Influenza	1 (1.2)	0	1 (3.2)
Nasopharyngitis	6 (7.0)	2 (6.7)	0
Oral herpes	1 (1.2)	1 (3.3)	0
Otitis media	0	1 (3.3)	0
Pharyngitis	1 (1.2)	0	0
Pharyngitis streptococcal	0	0	0
Rhinitis	1 (1.2)	0	0
Sinusitis	1 (1.2)	3 (10.0)	0
Subcutaneous abscess	1 (1.2)	0	0
Upper respiratory tract infection	2 (2.3)	1 (3.3)	0
Urinary tract infection	1 (1.2)	3 (10.0)	0
Vaginal infection	0	1 (3.3)	0
Viral upper respiratory tract infection	2 (2.3)	1 (3.3)	0
Injury, poisoning and procedural complications	6 (7.0)	3 (10.0)	1 (3.2)
Epicondylitis	0	1 (3.3)	0
Fall	2 (2.3)	0	0
Humerus fracture	0	0	1 (3.2)

Summary of Adverse Events

Pivotal Phase 3 Riloncept Data



Category ¹	Run-In Period	Randomized Withdrawal Period	
	KPL-914 (N=86) n (%)	KPL-914 Including Bailout Riloncept (N=30) n (%)	Placebo Only Before Bailout Riloncept (N=31) n (%)
Joint injury	0	1 (3.3)	0
Limb injury	0	0	1 (3.2)
Muscle strain	1 (1.2)	0	0
Post procedural contusion	0	1 (3.3)	0
Post-traumatic pain	2 (2.3)	0	0
Procedural dizziness	1 (1.2)	0	0
Investigations	12 (14.0)	7 (23.3)	0
Bacterial test	0	0	0
Blood cholesterol increased	0	1 (3.3)	0
Blood glucose decreased	0	1 (3.3)	0
Blood glucose increased	1 (1.2)	0	0
Blood pressure increased	1 (1.2)	1 (3.3)	0
Blood triglycerides increased	0	1 (3.3)	0
Body temperature decreased	1 (1.2)	0	0
C-reactive protein increased	1 (1.2)	2 (6.7)	0
Eosinophil count increased	1 (1.2)	0	0
Haemoglobin decreased	1 (1.2)	0	0
Heart rate increased	1 (1.2)	1 (3.3)	0
Hepatic enzyme increased	1 (1.2)	1 (3.3)	0
Heart density lipoprotein decreased	1 (1.2)	0	0
Heart density lipoprotein increased	0	3 (10.0)	0
Lipids increased	0	2 (6.7)	0

Category ¹	Run-In Period	Randomized Withdrawal Period	
	KPL-914 (N=86) n (%)	KPL-914 Including Bailout Riloncept (N=30) n (%)	Placebo Only Before Bailout Riloncept (N=31) n (%)
Liver function test increased	1 (1.2)	0	0
Low density lipoprotein increased	1 (1.2)	0	0
Mean cell volume increased	0	1 (3.3)	0
Smear cervix abnormal	1 (1.2)	0	0
Weight increased	1 (1.2)	0	0
Metabolism and nutrition disorders	0	1 (3.3)	0
Hyperlipidaemia	0	1 (3.3)	0
Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders	26 (30.2)	6 (20.0)	4 (12.9)
Arthralgia	8 (9.3)	1 (3.3)	0
Arthritis	0	1 (3.3)	0
Axillary mass	0	1 (3.3)	0
Back pain	3 (3.5)	1 (3.3)	0
Groin pain	1 (1.2)	0	0
Joint stiffness	2 (2.3)	0	0
Musculoskeletal chest pain	3 (3.5)	1 (3.3)	4 (12.9)
Musculoskeletal pain	3 (3.5)	0	0
Myalgia	9 (10.5)	1 (3.3)	0
Neck pain	1 (1.2)	0	1 (3.2)
Osteoarthritis	1 (1.2)	0	0
Pain in extremity	1 (1.2)	0	0
Neoplasms benign, malignant and unspecified (incl cysts and polyps)	1 (1.2)	2 (6.7)	0
Acrochordon	1 (1.2)	0	0



Summary of Adverse Events

Pivotal Phase 3 Riloncept Data



Category ¹	Run-In Period	Randomized Withdrawal Period	
	KPL-914 (N=86) n (%)	KPL-914 Including Bailout Riloncept (N=30) n (%)	Placebo Only Before Bailout Riloncept (N=31) n (%)
Lipoma	0	1 (3.3)	0
Squamous cell carcinoma	0	1 (3.3)	0
Nervous system disorders	14 (16.3)	2 (6.7)	0
Carpal tunnel syndrome	1 (1.2)	0	0
Cerebrovascular accident	1 (1.2)	0	0
Dizziness	2 (2.3)	1 (3.3)	0
Dysgeusia	1 (1.2)	0	0
Head discomfort	0	1 (3.3)	0
Headache	7 (8.1)	0	0
Migraine	1 (1.2)	0	0
Presyncope	1 (1.2)	0	0
Somnolence	1 (1.2)	0	0
Psychiatric disorders	1 (1.2)	0	1 (3.2)
Insomnia	0	0	1 (3.2)
Sleep disorder	1 (1.2)	0	0
Renal and urinary disorders	0	1 (3.3)	1 (3.2)
Nephrolithiasis	0	1 (3.3)	0
Renal colic	0	0	1 (3.2)
Reproductive system and breast disorders	1 (1.2)	1 (3.3)	1 (3.2)
Ovarian cyst	1 (1.2)	0	0
Uterine haemorrhage	0	1 (3.3)	0
Uterine polyp	0	0	1 (3.2)

Category ¹	Run-In Period	Randomized Withdrawal Period	
	KPL-914 (N=86) n (%)	KPL-914 Including Bailout Riloncept (N=30) n (%)	Placebo Only Before Bailout Riloncept (N=31) n (%)
Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders	15 (17.4)	7 (23.3)	1 (3.2)
Alveolitis allergic	1 (1.2)	0	0
Cough	5 (5.8)	1 (3.3)	0
Dysphonia	0	1 (3.3)	0
Dyspnoea	1 (1.2)	1 (3.3)	0
Epistaxis	1 (1.2)	0	0
Nasal congestion	0	0	0
Oropharyngeal pain	1 (1.2)	3 (10.0)	0
Pharyngeal hypoesthesia	1 (1.2)	0	0
Respiratory tract congestion	2 (2.3)	0	1 (3.2)
Rhinorrhoea	1 (1.2)	0	0
Sinus congestion	2 (2.3)	2 (6.7)	0
Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders	11 (12.8)	0	1 (3.2)
Acne	1 (1.2)	0	0
Alopecia	1 (1.2)	0	0
Angioedema	1 (1.2)	0	0
Erythema	2 (2.3)	0	0
Pruritus	2 (2.3)	0	0
Pruritus generalised	2 (2.3)	0	1 (3.2)
Rash	1 (1.2)	0	0
Rash macular	3 (3.5)	0	0
Social circumstances	0	1 (3.3)	0

Summary of Adverse Events

Pivotal Phase 3 Riloncept Data



Category ¹	Run-In Period	Randomized Withdrawal Period	
	KPL-914 (N=86) n (%)	KPL-914 Including Bailout Riloncept (N=30) n (%)	Placebo Only Before Bailout Riloncept (N=31) n (%)
Menopause	0	1 (3.3)	0
Vascular disorders	2 (2.3)	1 (3.3)	1 (3.2)
Hypertension	2 (2.3)	1 (3.3)	1 (3.2)

Category ¹	Run-In Period	Randomized Withdrawal Period	
	KPL-914 (N=86) n (%)	KPL-914 Including Bailout Riloncept (N=30) n (%)	Placebo Only Before Bailout Riloncept (N=31) n (%)
Subjects with Any Serious TEAE	1 (1.2)	1 (3.3)	1 (3.2)
Cardiac disorders	0	0	1 (3.2)
Cardiac flutter	0	0	1 (3.2)
Gastrointestinal disorders	0	0	0
Ileus	0	0	0
General disorders and administration site conditions	0	0	0
Pyrexia	0	0	0
Neoplasms benign, malignant and unspecified (incl cysts and polyps)	0	1 (3.3)	0
Squamous cell carcinoma	0	1 (3.3)	0
Nervous system disorders	1 (1.2)	0	0
Cerebrovascular accident	1 (1.2)	0	0

1) Subjects with multiple events are counted once in the same category; 2) A Treatment-emergent adverse events (TEAEs) are defined as AEs that start or increase in severity on or after the date of first dose and before 6 weeks after the last dose of study drug; 3) Each subject has only been represented with the maximum severity; 4) Related or possibly related or missing, as assessed by the investigator.; 5) Includes malignancy excluding basal cell carcinoma of the skin

